Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XIX. CHICAGO, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1865. NUMBER 110.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Progress of the Cholera.

SPREAD OF THE CATTLE PLAGUE.

DEATH OF JOSEPH BONAPARTE.

Troubles Between Planters and Freedmen in South Carolina.

HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON JUST ESCAPES HAVING HIS EARS BOXED.

Another Southern Rush upon the President.

Eight Hour Movement in Washington.

AFFAIRS IN MEXICO.

The Liberals of the North Still Hopeful.

LIBERAL VICTORY IN MEXICO.

TERRIBLY DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN AUGUSTA, MAINE.

Nearly the whole Business Part of the Town Destroyed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE PRESIDENT'S DECLARATION OF HIS POLICY.

His Reconstruction Policy an Experiment.

THE FREEDMEN TO BE PROTECTED IN ALL THEIR RIGHTS.

The Bureau of Rebel Archives Organized.

FROM SOUTH AMERICA—THE PARAGUAYANS DEFEATED.

Important Advantages Gained by the Mexican Liberals.

The Indian Council—Conciliation Effected with all the Tribes.

The Alabama Constitutional Convention.

THE REBEL STATE DEBT NOT TO BE REPUDIATED.

Probable Adoption of the Constitutional Amendment.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Roger Pryor Repentant—He wants Pardon, and the Negroes to Vote—Promotion for Gallantry—Seven Rebels Pardoned Yesterday—The Veteran Reserve Corps to be Mustered Out.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.

Roger A. Pryor and Fayette McMullen, ex-members of Congress from Virginia, arrived here last evening on the Southern train. They came to solicit pardons, and are very submissive. Pryor has curtailed his flowing locks and is ready for sackcloth and ashes, and any other ordeal which it may be necessary to undergo in order to obtain pardon. He says he is in favor of negro suffrage.

Capt. Wm. A. Brown, of Ohio, late Acting Chief Quartermaster on the staff of Maj. Gen. Wilson, has been appointed Major by brevet for faithful and meritorious services during the rebellion.

The President to-day pardoned seven rebels of the $20,000 class. Among them was an ex-member of Congress from Alabama.

On the return of the Secretary of War an order will probably be issued mustering out the veteran reserve corps.

The President's Policy—His Views Toward the Radical—His Course an Experiment—Internal Revenue and National Currency—The Freedmen in Virginia.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.

Arrest of a Family of Government Swindlers—The President Suspends the Writ of Habeas Corpus in their Case—Purchases for the Subsistence Department.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Interesting Railroad Intelligence—Meeting of Fenians—Arrival of Mrs. Sterling Price—Strike of Ship Carpenters.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16.

FROM CINCINNATI.

Democratic Convention—A Split—Withdrawal of the Secessionists.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.

FROM FORT SMITH.

Treaty with the Seminoles—The Conciliation Nearly Complete—Difficulty with the Cherokees—Slaves Held by the Indians.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

FORT SMITH, Sept. 16.

FROM DES MOINES.

Gov. Stone Returned Home—A Mass Meeting to be Held at Des Moines—Soldiers' Pay—Railroad Extension.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

DES MOINES, Sept. 16.

FROM MONTGOMERY, ALA.

The Convention—Reports on the Constitutional Amendment and Secession—A Resolution Passed not to Repudiate the Rebel State Debt.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 16.

FROM KEOKUK.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

KEOKUK, Iowa, Sept. 16.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Health of the Colored Troops in Texas—Skirmishes between Liberal and Imperial troops in Mexico—Four Rebels Murdered—General Slocum's Order.

ARKANSAS.

Report of Lieut. Col. Williams—The Freedmen—Their Prospects—Condition of Labor, Schools, &c.

THE REBEL ARCHIVES.

Organization of the Archives Bureau—Dr. Lieber at the Head—The Historical Museum of the Rebellion.

THE NEW YORK RIOTS.

The City Footing the Bills—Payment of Claims for Damages Suffered.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Paraguayan War—Defeat of the Paraguayans—President Lopez at the Head of His Army—Extensive War Preparations—Reported United States Naval Expedition to Brazil.

WEST INDIES.

End of the Drought in Jamaica—The Insurrection a Canard—Repulse of the Haytien Insurgents—Active Movements of Geffrard.

MEXICO.

Despondency of the Imperials—Accession to and Advantages Gained by the Liberals—Confederates Enrolling Themselves in the Imperial Army.

RETRENCHMENT.

Breaking up Quartermaster's Depots—Stores to be Concentrated at Harper's Ferry.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Pardon of Ex-Governor Aiken—Rice Crop—Railroads.

From San Francisco.

J. D. B. De Bow Repentant.

The Recognition of Mexico.

Foreign Labor for the South.

Wirz.

The Reported Cumberland Frigate Treasure.

Republican Nominations.

A Paroxysmal Insanity Document.

The Southern Post Offices.

The Champ Ferguson Trial.

Jeff. Davis.

Sentences Commuted.

Government Lands.

Pardons.

Appointments.

General Slocum Accepts.

An Elevator Burned.

AUGUSTA.

A Most Destructive Fire—A Large Part of Augusta, the Capital of Maine, in Ruins—Loss $500,000.

NEW YORK.

Stolen Government Bonds—Altering Them to Escape Detection.

From Fortress Monroe.

FROM EUROPE.

Meeting of Confederate Bondholders—The Cholera Continues Active at Marseilles—The English Wheat Crop, &c.

LATEST VIA CITY OF BOSTON.

MEXICO.

Movements of the Liberals—Gen. Ortega—A Fight at San Juan River—Defeat of the Imperialists—Among the Slain the Rebel Gen. Parsons—New Movements Contemplated.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Hostile Preparations Among the Belligerents—Increasing their Forces—The Largest Forces in the Field Ever Known in South America.

VIRGINIA.

The Danville Railroad and Gen. Jo. Johnston—A Discreet View of the Situation—Jubal Early.

THE SOUTH.

From Charleston—Florida Central Railroad—The Future of Florida.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Troubles between Ex-Slaveholders and Freedmen—Both Parties Ordered to Give Up their Arms—The State Convention.

FROM FROM WASHINGTON.

Promotions—Herschel V. Johnson—Soldiers' Property With Q. M. Moore—United States Officials in Louisiana—Gov. Wells, &c.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17.

Gen. Howard to go on a Tour of Inspection—General Spinner—Gen. Wayne—Coming Home to Roost—Another Southern Rush at the White House—Mustering out Troops.

An Eight Hour Movement in Washington—The Mississippi Constitution—The Fortunes of the Liberals in Mexico—Counterfeit Treasury Notes.

FROM DETROIT.

Captains Welles and Barnes Discharged—Capt. McKay, of the Pewabic, Acquitted.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

DETROIT, Sept. 17.

FROM SPRINGFIELD.

Pardoned—Regiments in Camp Butler—Lieut. Gen. Grant and Gen. Sherman—Camp Butler Cemetery.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

SPRINGFIELD, Sept. 17.

WIRZ.

His Improved Health—He is More Hopeful—A Few Days Will Probably Close the Trial.

CHINA.

The Last Rebellion—Views of London Papers on the Course which England should Pursue.

ALABAMA.

The State Convention—A Slavery Ordinance, Like the Mississippi, Reported.

AN OVERLAND JOURNEY.

The Yo Semite—The Big Trees—The Return.

Falls of the Yo Semite—A Cataract of 2,634 Feet—The Vernal Falls—Nevada Fall—Geology of the Yo Semite—The Big Tree Grove—The Copper Mines of California.

[Editorial Correspondence.]

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 25, 1865.

Although domiciled in the pleasant home of Judge H. B. Underhill, of Stockton, let us go back to the Yo Semite valley and for a day or two longer, in imagination at least, ramble among the sublime objects of this most wonderful region. And first let us visit the

FALLS OF THE YO SEMITE.

It is now a small stream, but by observing the wide space it covers early in the season, the tremendous rocks it has evidently brought down from the gorges high up in the mountains, the huge pines it has uprooted and carried down in its mad career, one can readily imagine what a torrent it must be in May and June, when the sun melts the snows at its source, ten to twenty feet deep, that have accumulated during the previous winter.

VERNAL FALLS.

NEVADA FALL.

GEOLOGICAL.

THE BIG TREES.

THE RETURN.

COPPER IN CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17th.

Wanted—Situations.

Wanted—Partnerships.

Wanted—To Rent.

Boarding—Wanted.

Boarding.

Real Estate—City.

New Advertisements.

ROSS, FOSTER & CO. ARE DAILY RECEIVING A Splendid Assortment OF ALL KINDS OF Fall Dress Goods, Comprising celebrated makes of IMPORTED FABRICS AND Domestic Manufacture, WHICH WE ARE Selling Cheaper than any House in the Western Country. ROSS, FOSTER & CO., No. 105 Lake Street.

AT WHOLESALE. WOOLEN YARNS AND Woolen Half Hose. SUTTON & BURKITT.

NEW NOTION STORE JUST OPENED, 72 Lake St., (up-stairs,) BY COOPER & SHERMAN. Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, and Worsted Goods.

JOHN V. FARWELL & CO. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS, 42, 44 and 46 Wabash Avenue, CHICAGO, AND No. 5 College Place, New York. Particular attention given to orders. Our stock is the largest West of New York.

SOMETHING NEW. Balmoral Yarn, KNITS IN STRIPES. WOOLEN YARNS, of every kind, MEN'S HALF HOSE, BOY'S HAND-KNIT HALF HOSE. SUTTON & BURKITT.

SMOKY HILL ROUTE. KANSAS TO COLORADO. Passengers, Express Goods and Money.

GREEG & HUGHES COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 15 LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois.

R. H. COUNTISS, Produce and Commission Merchant, 250 & 252 South Water St., Chicago. P. O. Box 1012. STORAGE.

MALT HOUSE. WYETH & VANDERVOORT, 103 and 105 South Canal Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

WILLS, DUNHAM & HOIT, Ship Chandlers and Sailmakers, Cordage, Twines, Oakum, Tar, Pitch, Tackle Blocks, &c. TENTS, WAGON COVERS, FLAGS. 246 South Water Street, Chicago.

Low, Moran & Co. Commission Merchants.

SHIRTS

FLOUR! FLOUR! LEONARD BROS. & JENNISON'S, 233 Lake Street.

TO STAVE MANUFAC- STAVE CUTTER.

BURKAM & HAYES, General Commission Merchants, CHICAGO.

New Advertisements. FOR EXCHANGE! PACKING HOUSE FOR SALE. CARLISLE & BENEDICT, COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

MRS. WINSLOW, SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, Sure to Regulate the Bowels. Relief and Health to your Infants. Price, Only 35 cents a Bottle.

THE DAYS OF BRASS ARE OVER. BRASS JEWELRY, The Only Gold Gift Sale. Stein's Establishment, No. 79 SOUTH CLARK STREET. One Cent Difference. Twenty-Five Cents. TWO TO A THOUSAND DOLLARS. Price of Envelopes, 25 Cents. Twenty-Five Dollar Prize. Remember the only Gold Gift Sale in America.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing.

WALWORTH, BUSCHICK & CO., STEAM BOILERS AND ENGINES, GAS AND WATER PIPE, 235 Lake-st., Chicago, Ill.

L. T. CHASE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN Fresh Lake Fish.

AMIDON HATS. At ELY'S.

FIRE BRICKS.

DEARBORN SEMINARY, DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, 51 and 53 Wabash Avenue.

W. T. SHUFELDT & CO. DISTILLERS OF ALCOHOL, PURE SPIRITS, WHISKIES, Columbian Gin, Domestic Liquors, &c.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

Chicago Tribune.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.
OFFICE, NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

[illegible]

Terms of the Chicago Tribune.

[illegible]

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1865.

NEWSPAPER CIRCULATION.

Receipts from Sales of the Chicago Daily Newspapers.

Name of Paper.	Year ending May 1, 1865.
Tribune	[illegible]
Times	160,000
Journal	100,000
Post	50,000
Chicago Tribune	$370,270
Times, Journal and Post combined	310,000

SOPHISTRY IN HIGH PLACES.

When Stephen A. Douglas mounted his Popular Sovereignty hobby, contending that the people of a Territory should rule it, yet that slave property could not be kept out of it, it was apparent to every logical mind, that he was really astride of two horses headed in opposite directions, between which he must choose, or come to the ground. Andrew Johnson has mounted several reconstruction sophistries of the same character. Thus, he states in his proclamations, that the question of suffrage must be left to "the people of the States, who have enjoyed that right from the formation of the Government." But "the people of the States" now includes the blacks as well as the whites. Yet the former he excludes. His principle is at war with his practice. So he says, "the people must be trusted with the Government," yet he refuses to trust any portion of four millions of the people with any share in the Government. So he says the military must be subordinate to the civil power and therefore he subordinates Gen. Slocum to Gov. Sharkey. But Gov. Sharkey is as purely a military officer as Gen. Slocum, appointed under the President's military powers and acting as a part of a system of martial law. It may be that in time the military can be subordinated to the civil power, but to subordinate a Northern military officer to a Southern military Governor in a matter pertaining purely to the military forces which are to preserve military order in the State of Mississippi is no step in that direction, although it is a step in subordinating the North to the South and Unionists to rebels.

So he uses the phrase "equality of States" to cover a system of reconstruction which embodies the following serious inequalities between the loyal States and those lately in rebellion:

Maine, with a population of 626,939 has five representatives, while Alabama, with a population of 526,431, just 100,000 less than Maine, and which has heretofore, under the three-fifths rule, had seven members of Congress, will have ten members or twice as many as Maine.

Vermont, with a population of 314,369, has three representatives, while South Carolina, with a white population of 291,388—20,000 less than Vermont, has heretofore had six representatives, and must, if the President's Reconstruction policy be carried out, have nine representatives or three times as many as Vermont, though casting less than one-third as many votes.

Pennsylvania with a population of 2,849,266 has twenty-four representatives, while North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi and Louisiana, all combined, have a white population of 2,828,785—20,000 less than Pennsylvania alone, yet besides their fourteen senators to Pennsylvania's two, which is all right, they have heretofore had thirty-nine representatives, and must, on President Johnson's "State equality" plan of reconstruction have at least fifteen more members, or a total of fifty-four representatives to Pennsylvania's twenty-four. Now, as the intent of the Constitution is that population shall be represented in Congress, and that a given number in Illinois shall have equal representation with the same number in Mississippi, it follows that President Johnson's policy grossly violates the spirit of the Constitution and operates to effect an aggravated and indefensible inequality between the States.

Now it may be that the President is wise, in taking into his own hands to decide what class in each State shall vote, but to say that that mode of dealing with the question is in any sense a submission of it to the people of the States, is a piece of unmitigated sophistry and demagogism.

So it may be best not to trust the entire people of Mississippi, both black and white, with the Government, but to entrust the whites who are less than half the people, with the whole Government, and to give them military forces to keep down the blacks, is not "trusting the people with the Government," and to style it so is equally with the former instance an unqualified piece of sophistry and demagogism.

So it may be wise to subordinate Northern military officers whose loyalty is undoubted, and whose judgment is experienced, to Southern military Governors who are fresh from aiding the rebellion, but to style this a subordination of the military to the civil power is an unqualified piece of sophistry and demagogism.

So it may be wise so to reconstruct the Union as to give South Carolina three times as many representatives as Vermont for the same number of voters, but this should be put fairly and squarely on the ground that one South Carolinian is equal to three Vermonters in all respects that go to make up an intelligent voter, and to pretend to base such a policy on a superlative regard for the equality of the States, is, like all the former instances, a transparent piece of unmitigated sophistry and demagogism. The Republican party unanimously disapproves these features, and any shuffling, shambling attempt to modify the terms in which they express that disapproval is unworthy of the dignity, and must be disastrous to the success, of the party. Whatever else in the President's policy they may approve, these measures they certainly condemn.

A JESUIT IN JOURNALISM.

The London *Times* has a way of assuming a state of facts regarding this country, and piling a mighty leader upon them, which would be amusing if it were not alarming. When the doings of the great Copperhead Convention, which assembled in this city one year ago, became noised abroad, the *Times* announced to the European world that "the North" had now declared the war to be a failure—whereupon the *Times* pointed to the verification of its daily predictions of three years, and consigned us anew to everlasting smash.

The *Times* is just now employed in dissuading the American people from going to war with Great Britain upon such slight pretexts as the ridicule and sarcasm which some Englishmen have deemed themselves qualified to bestow upon the United States! This is droll, says the *Times*:

"The Americans, we are told, are keenly and almost morbidly sensitive to the opinion of foreigners, and especially of Englishmen. They wince under criticism, and pine for sympathy and approbation. They have had neither, but have, on the contrary, been incessantly subjected to ridicule and [illegible]"

It might be presumed that a people, who could pass through the trials we have lately encountered without blenching, might have sufficient balance of mind to accept the lessons of persons capable of sneering at so great a tragedy as ours, with composure. Among thinking men in England such articles as that from which we have quoted must, we apprehend, excite profound contempt.

The Chicago *Times* puts the action of the [illegible] Democratic Convention, [illegible]

OUR FOREIGN VISITORS.

Their Reception in Chicago.

EXCURSION ON THE LAKE AND RIVER—WELCOME ON 'CHANGE.

Banquet at the Tremont—Speeches by the Distinguished Guests and Others—The Ties that Bind England and America.

Our distinguished foreign visitors were decided objects of interest yesterday. Embodying, as they do, a considerable amount of the working traits of the European world, as well as representing its more elevated social circles, they are legitimately people whom we may admire and honor, and on whose [illegible] we may look with [illegible] interest, and in which we may [illegible] considerable importance; it is after all, the views of such men, the way which they look at things, their decisions as to feasibility or impracticability, that shape the destinies of our social world.

We have the more reason to hold them in high esteem, because they more than any other, represent the great idea which is by many claimed to be purely American, and certainly finds here its best expression. Sir Samuel Morton Peto the man who once worked as a journeyman carpenter at half a crown a day, and has, by his own industry, placed himself at the head of the great railway system of the world, is a greater man than he who wears a crown. The great corps of laborers, larger in number than the whole British army, are continually engaged under his generalship in winning victories over rude nature, and carrying civilization into the deepest recesses of the despotic [illegible] which have hitherto been shut out from the light of science. [illegible] Sir Morton has risen from the ranks of the workers to take his place at the head of the advancing column, [illegible] As a self-made man he will take his place by the side of our Franklin, and take the obverse of the banner whereon are inscribed the names of our own illustrious warriors.

The party quitted the Tremont House on Saturday morning about ten o'clock, under the escort of [illegible] Committee of Arrangements, whose names we have previously published. They proceeded to the foot of Dearborn street, where the tug "George W. Wood" was lying "steam up" ready to carry them out into the lake, on a tour of inspection along the shore, and out to the crib [illegible] The incidents of the trip were few, and the conversation of a nature which will scarcely bear to be repeated. Colonel J. H. Bowen [illegible] The gentlemen landed on the monster structure, and spent a few minutes in listening to a specification as to its size, mode of construction, and its connection with the tunnel. The magnitude of the undertaking and its novelty furnished a rich subject for reflection and careful observation by the visitors. Various were the remarks made, but all agreed on one thing, that it is an undertaking without a parallel, a bold venture into the bowels of the earth which has never before been undertaken in quest of water, though minings have been extended under the sea for short distances, and the tin delvers of Cornwall hear the rumblings of the ocean storm as the waves career in wild fury far above them.

The visitors re-embarked and the tug swung off to the southward, taking a cruise along the shore, giving an opportunity of viewing Michigan avenue along its whole extent, with glimpses of the city lying beyond. The Committee rendered the trip as interesting as possible, by pointing out the more prominent buildings, and telling by whom they were owned or occupied. At a few minutes before noon the harbor was regained, and the party set on shore, at the foot of LaSalle street, highly pleased with the excursion, which was indeed, all that could have been wished.

ON CHANGE.

The party proceeded to the new Board of Trade rooms, and was ushered by the committee into that beautiful temple of commerce. It had been announced the gentlemen would not visit the Board of Trade rooms, reserving their speeches for the evening at the Tremont House, and in consequence there was not that crush which would otherwise have most certainly greeted them. Still the room was completely filled, several ladies being present. The visitors occupied seats on the rostrum.

The President, Charles Randolph, Esq., in calling the Board to order, said it afforded him great pleasure to introduce to the assemblage the distinguished gentlemen from abroad, who were now honoring Chicago with a visit—men who were the representatives of Great Britain and of France. He asked for them a respectful hearing. He would invite their attention while he introduced to them Hon. Arthur Kinnaird, member of the British Parliament, [illegible]

SIR ARTHUR KINNAIRD.

Sir Arthur, in coming forward, was received with much enthusiasm. He said: He was there in company with other gentlemen then around him, on a visit to America for the first time, to tender their hearty thanks for this cordial and kind manner in which they were welcomed to Chicago. [illegible]

SIR S. MORTON PETO.

[illegible]

MR. JAMES McHENRY.

Mr. James McHenry was next called for, and very briefly responded. [illegible]

AFTERNOON.

[illegible]

THE BANQUET.

At about half past eight o'clock the doors of the dining room of the Tremont House were thrown open and the guests entered. [illegible]

BILL OF FARE.

Oysters on Half Shell.

SOUPS.—Mock Turtle Soup, a la Anglaise; Printanière, a la Reine.

[illegible]

MAYOR RICE.

Mayor Rice spoke as follows: [illegible]

SIR ARTHUR KINNAIRD.

[illegible]

AMES McHENRY, ESQ.

[illegible]

CHARLES WALKER, ESQ.

"Commerce: The aid of civilization, and the handmaid of the arts." Responded to by Hon. Charles Walker. [illegible]

BRIG.-GEN. J. B. SWEET.

"The Army and Navy of the United States." Brig. Gen. J. B. Sweet, in responding to the toast, said: [illegible]

THE CHAIRMAN.

Mayor Rice. [illegible]

THE PRESS.

"The Press, coupled with the names of Mr. Woods, of the London *Times*; [illegible]

THE LADIES, ETC.

"The Ladies." [illegible]

MR. SAMUEL COSSHAM.

[illegible]

HON. R. S. HAYES.

Responded to by Hon. S. S. Hayes, of Chicago. [illegible]

HON. LYMAN TRUMBULL.

[illegible]

Leslie, the Niagara Rope-walker, Hobbled at Bayfield, C. W.—An Exciting Scene.

[From the Buffalo Courier, 15th.]

We had always supposed that the perilous feats performed by Harrie Leslie were of themselves attended with all the danger necessary to make them sensational enough for the people; but by a very recent experience of the daring funambulist in her Majesty's dominions goes to show that we are more liberal in our notions of the thing than they are there. On Friday afternoon last, Mr. Leslie thought he would delight the people of Bayfield, C. W., on the Grand Trunk Railway, and having stretched his rope across the Jauss, a distance of 600 feet, he proceeded not only to perform his customary feat of walking over it, but also to astonish the natives with a display of his acrobatic skill. [illegible] Leslie continued to move along on his rope, but before he could reach its terminus the slender bridge was cut, and he was allowed to fall a distance of nearly twenty-five feet. In his descent he caught hold of a tree, and thence rolled down the embankment to the water's edge. Finding that he was pursued by the ruffians, he made his escape in the woods, and, after travelling about a mile and a half, he managed to get a horse and buggy, with which he reached Seaforth. [illegible] Harrie has discovered that Canada is a hard road to travel, and he will probably avoid Bayfield and the James river hereafter.

FOLLOWING HIM UP.—A few days since, a case occurred in the Justice's Court, at Newport, R. I., where a young lady was convicted of assault upon a young man, and fined $10 and costs. It appears that, some months since, in another part of the State, the young man referred to gained the affections of this lady, and under promise of marriage effected her ruin, after which he coolly and cruelly forsook her. Stung with madness at his conduct, and being a Catholic, she sought advice of the priest, and was counseled by him to prosecute. This, we believe, she did, and recovered a thousand dollars. Not satisfied with this, and hearing that he had come to Newport, she followed him there, and falling in with him in the street, administered to him a feminine flogging. He complained of her, and the Court fined her as above, at the same time exacting from her a promise that she would leave the city within twenty-four hours, it being manifest that the two could not remain in the city together in peace. It is but fair to state that the young man denies the girl's story, so far as relates to being guilty of her ruin.

The Andersonville Property—Arrest of the Party Having it in Charge.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 16.—A telegram was received yesterday at the Provost Marshal's office from Gen. Baker, in Washington, to arrest G. T. Garrison, of Accomac, and send him to Washington with the property committed to his charge by Capt. Winder, consisting of watches and other property taken from Andersonville prisoners. [illegible]

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

The chief item of interest in commercial and financial circles to-day, was the visit of the English capitalists to our city. They were cordially welcomed on 'Change by our merchants, and expressed themselves highly gratified with the friendly feeling displayed.

Although the visit of these gentlemen has nothing to do directly with Chicago, they have identified themselves to no small extent with the West generally, and we trust they will not leave us before they have learned that what Chicago and the West need more than anything else, is the construction of a new trunk railroad from Lake Michigan to the seaboard. The connection of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad with the New York and Erie Railroad will not relieve the West to any great extent. Already the four trunk railroads leading from the West to the East are overburdened, and the mere fact that another connection is made at the Western end of the route will not remedy matters but in a small degree. During four years of war the produce trade of the West has increased at least 25 per cent, and from this we may have some idea what the progress will be during the next four years, with peace and prosperous times.

Before these capitalists leave our shores, we trust they will see the importance of investigating this subject for themselves, and not be led astray by those who are interested only in preserving a monopoly of the carrying interests of the West for the routes now opened, but which are altogether insufficient to meet the demands of trade and commerce.

Business to-day was dull. The principal topic of discussion in monetary circles was the deadlock which has taken place in the produce trade during the week, in consequence of the combination of gamblers who "cornered" the market, and forced shippers and legitimate dealers to fill their orders in other markets. Not a small amount of indignation has been expressed on the subject by our merchants, and one of the leading banks has been the subject of severe criticism for the manner in which its officers have acted in hazarding its capital in any such dangerous and injurious proceeding. The stockholders, we understand, have been overhauling matters, and there is much dissatisfaction at the result. We trust no banking institution will ever again, directly or indirectly, aid in producing such a state of affairs as has been witnessed during the present week. It is not legitimate banking, to allow a few men to control the entire funds of an institution, to the exclusion and positive damage of all its other customers.

Happily, this afternoon the "corner" was broken, and Wheat fell 9@10c per bushel. But we would caution operators against pursuing the "short-selling" system further. We trust the misfortunes of this class of dealers will prove beneficial. At best, it is pure "gambling."

The demand for currency continues active, and the market is close and stringent. The bankers generally are supplying their customers at 10 per cent per annum, but street rates are firm at 1@2 per cent per month.

Eastern Exchange is scarce and in active demand at par buying and 1-10 prem. selling. Round lots were eagerly taken by bankers at 50c premium per thousand.

G. A. Ives, Esq., manager of the Clearing House of this city furnishes us with the clearings and balances during the week ending to-day, as follows:

	Clearings.	Balances.
Sept. 11	$1,[illegible]	$[illegible]
" 12	1,[illegible]	[illegible]
" 13	1,330,[illegible]	197,412.45
" 14	1,041,168.40	174,[illegible]
" 15	1,321,613.39	[illegible]
" 16	1,[illegible]	226,047.18
Total	$9,008,072.[illegible]	$1,[illegible]

LAST WEEK.

Clearings	$9,349,[illegible]
Balances	1,188,[illegible]

Gold opened in New York, to-day, at 143¾ and closed at 143¼. The following are the quotations telegraphed to James Boyd & Brothers, gold-brokers:

10:00 a. m.	143¾	12:30 p. m.	143⅜
11:00 a. m.	143½	1:00 p. m.	143⅜
11:15 a. m.	143	2:00 p. m.	143⅜
11:30 a. m.	143	3:00 p. m.	143¼
12:00 m.	143⅛	4:00 p. m.	143¼

On the Stock Board to-day gold was sold at 143@143⅞. On the street the market opened at 143 and closed at 143¼.

Silver is in fair demand at 133@135. The offerings are light.

Government Securities were dull to-day. We quote:

	Buying.	Selling.
Five-Twenties	103¾	107
Ten-Forties	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seven-Thirties	99	99½

Compound Interest Notes are in good demand at 103½@104 for June, 103@103½ for July, and 101¼ for August, 1864.

Chamber of Commerce Stock is in fair request and the market is firm at 105@108.

Cook County Scrip is firm at 98 for new and 101 for old.

—In reference to a meeting held in New York on Tuesday, for the purpose of considering the subject of the redemption of national bank notes, the *Journal of Commerce* says that at the meeting a letter was read from Secretary McCulloch, expressing his decided opinion that the best interests of the banks and country required the enforcement of a system of redemption. A telegram was received from Comptroller Clarke announcing his sickness, which had delayed his letter, but promising to write at once. It was known that he has strongly urged the adoption of such a plan, and would warmly [illegible]

At the opening of the meeting a technical objection was made to the consideration of the subject by the Clearing House Association, and the character of the assembly was changed to that of an association of bank officers. A motion to lay the topic of discussion on the table was lost. It was then considered at length. Before the vote was taken the expected letter from Mr. Clarke was received. He recites the facts connected with the great expansion of the currency, and declares that the national bank notes cannot be kept at par throughout the country without the proposed plan of redemption. [illegible]

After the reading of these letters, and some other explanations by various persons present, the report of the committee was accepted without a dissenting voice. A resolution was then adopted agreeing to establish a plan of redemption on the principles thus represented, and the committee was empowered to [illegible]

—In Louisville on the 15th, money was quoted at 1 per cent per month. Exchange was dull at par.

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

[illegible]

7-30 U. S. NOTES,

JULY SERIES.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO.

[illegible]

EDW. I. TINKHAM, Cashier.

New York Stock Market.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL.

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

The following summary shows the movement in Produce and Provisions during the past 24 hours compared with the movement for the same time last year:

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE SEPT 16.

[illegible]

SHIPMENTS OF PRODUCE SEPT 16.

[illegible]

The receipts of Produce to-day were liberal, including 96,921 bushels of Wheat, of which 45,000 bushels were received from Milwaukee by lake; 4,390 brls Flour, 175,383 bushels Corn, 64,470 bushels Oats, 5,835 bushels Rye, and 8,970 bushels Barley.

The general markets to-day ruled dull and weaker. The Wheat speculations were quiet, and prices a shade easier. The fact that about 75,000 bushels of Wheat have been received here within a few days by lake and rail from Milwaukee, and the rumor that the Board of Trade were about to take some action toward discontinuing speculative purchases, have resulted in a desire on the part of buyers to settle down on easier terms than was supposed, and although the "corner" is not yet broken, operators have no confidence in its continuance any length of time.

The Provision market, under more favorable intelligence from New York, was more active and a shade firmer. Mess Pork was in good request, with sales of about 1,000 brls in lots at $30.00@31.00. These sales were wholly made to fill small orders of 100 and 200 brls. A small lot of 25 brls changed hands at $31.00. Prime Mess Pork was in fair demand and firm, but buyers and sellers were 50@$1.00 apart, with buyers of original packing at $25.00 and sellers at $26.00. A lot of 100 brls repacked was sold at $22.00. Bulk Meats are held firmer. We understand that a lot of 500,000 lbs changed hands a few days ago, but the sale was kept private. Shoulders are now held at 15@15½c, and Sides at 18½@17c.

Highwines were very dull, and we report sales of only about 15 brls at $2.23. Round lots were freely offered at $2.22½, without buyers.

Owing to the unfavorable advices from New York, the Flour market was dull and 10@15c lower. The sales include 2,800 brls at $11.00@12.00 for White Winter; $8.00@9.10 for Red Winter, and $7.40@8.00 for Spring extras. A small lot of Rye Flour changed hands at $5.75.

The "corner" in the Wheat market has not yet given way, although the market declined 3@4c. Operators do not seem to have much faith in its continuance, owing to the receipts of wheat from Milwaukee and the prospect of increased supplies from that place, so long as a margin for profit remains. No. 2 Spring was [illegible] lower. Red Winter was dull at a decline of 3c. About 153,000 bu changed hands at $1.73 for No. 1 Red; $1.60 for Extra Spring; $1.48@1.51 for No. 1 do; $1.39@1.50 for No. 2 do, and 80@90c for Rejected Spring in store—closing nominal at $1.49½@1.50 for No. 1 Spring.

The Corn Market was dull, and ¾@1c cent lower on No. 1, and 1½@1¾c on No. 2 in store, with sales of 120,000 bushels at 61@62c for No. 1; [illegible] for No. 2, and 51 for rejected in store, and 61 for one boat load, No. 1 canal afloat. At the close the market rallied a shade in view of the more favorable advices from New York, and closed firm at 61½ for No. 1, and 55@55½ for No. 2 in store.

The demand for oats was light, and the market was quiet but firm, with sales of 70,000 bushels at 31@32 for No. 1, and 28@28½ for No. 2 in store, closing firm at 32 for No. 1, and 28½ for No. 2.

Rye was steady at 71@71¼ for No. 1, 66@67 for No. 2, and 55 for Rejected in store.

Barley was more active and 2@4c better, with sales at 84@85c for No. 2; 35 for rejected, and $1.10 per sample lots.

Lake freights were dull and 1@1½c lower, with engagements at 9½@10c for corn to Buffalo, and 10c for corn to Port Colborne.

Timothy seed was quiet and 10c lower, with sales at $3.60@3.75. Flax seed was firm, with sales at $2.90@3.00 for good to prime.

The grocery market continues active and prices are firm at the change noted yesterday. The following despatch was received to-day at the Merchants' Exchange:

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

Good grocery sugars 14½, firm; refined steady, firm; coffee strong; teas steady. Market generally less active.

Oils are in good request and firm. Linseed continues scarce, and is held at $1.60@1.65; Castor Oil is more active and exceedingly scarce; Carbon is somewhat excited and in brisk demand and light supply. Sales are made at 73c per car load, and 75c per brl.

Leather is in brisk demand and prices very stiff. There has been some advance during the week, especially in Upper and French stocks. The stocks on hand are very light and much difficulty is experienced in filling orders promptly. Uppers are quoted at 36@38c; Slaughter Sole at 42@44c and City Harness at 40@45c.

Fish are in good request, and salt water Fish are higher, with an upward tendency. Whitefish are rather dull at $7.00@7.25 ℔ hf bri.

Hides are in active request, and prices have considerably improved during the week. The high prices of leather have caused an advance at the East, and prices have followed. Green Butchers' are quoted at 6@7c, Green Cured at 8@9c, Dry Flint at 14½@15½c, and Calfskins at 19@21c.

Green Apples are in good supply, and really good shipping grades are active and firm. There is a large stock in the market in very bad condition and entirely unsuited for shipping purposes. These are sold all the way from $1.00@3.00, while good, sound Apples are held firm at $3.00@3.75. Dried Apples are in good request and firm at 13@13½c for prime New York and 10½@11½c for good Ohio.

Coal is in active request and firm at the advance noted last week. The strike among the coal miners continues, and the supply is becoming exhausted. This, with the recent advance in freights, has caused the improvement in prices. Lehigh is quoted at $15.00 and soft Coal at $11.00@13.00.

Bagging is in active demand, and prices are very firm with an upward tendency. There have been no changes to note during the week.

Cheese continues active, and prices have slightly advanced during the week. [illegible]

Beef Cattle have been rather quiet to-day. Sales have been made at yesterday's figures. The aggregate transactions cover about 750 head at $4.00 for fair to $5.50 for good Cows and stock Steers.

Hogs have been in fair demand, and prices exhibit a slight improvement. The sales were 1,000 head at $11.25@12.00.

Butter continues in good demand, and prices are well sustained. There is an active inquiry for shipping purposes, and also for the city trade. Choice table butter is very scarce, and during the past week sales have been made as high as 35c. Good firkin sells readily at 28c.

The following despatches were read to-day on 'Change:

BUFFALO, Sept. 16.

Receipts—Wheat, 28,000 bu; Corn, 270,000 bu; Oats, 34,000 bu. Wheat dull, nominal, at $1.50. Corn quiet, 75c. Oats dull, 41@42c. Freights, 18c for Wheat to New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

Flour 10@15c lower. Spring Wheat heavy, winter firm. Corn firm. Oats 1c better. Pork firm at $33.75. Lard better, 22c. Whiskey buoyant, $2.25. Gold, 143¾.

LATER.—Flour heavy, at $7.65@7.90. Wheat 1@2c lower. Milwaukee at $1.58@1.61; winter firm. Corn better, 88@90c. Oats better, 55c. Whiskey, firm, $2.25.

LATER.

The "corner" on wheat which has troubled the "shorts" for the past three or four days burst this afternoon, and sales were made at $1.43 for Monday—closing quiet. The settlements on contracts maturing to-day were mostly made at $1.50.

"Short-Selling."

We understand that the Directors of the Board of Trade have in contemplation the passage of a resolution, the object of which is to discountenance and discourage the pernicious system of gambling in produce, which has prevailed to such a great extent during the present season. We are not informed of the exact nature of the proposed movement, but some of our soundest and heaviest merchants are urging the Board to refuse to recognize as binding all "short" or "long" contracts, unless they bear evidence on their face of being legitimate.

It would seem necessary that something should be done to prevent the Board of Trade from being known only as the resort of mere gamblers and speculators.

Detroit Market—Sept. 15.

[illegible]

Pittsburgh Oil Market, Sept. 14.

[illegible]

Philadelphia Iron Market, Sept. 15.

[illegible]

The Hudson's Bay Fur Trade.

[illegible]

The Portage Lake Mines.

[illegible]

Marine Items.

[illegible]

CHICAGO DRY GOODS MARKET.

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

Trade continues active and the general market is firm at our last quotations. [illegible]

[illegible]

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

[All sales of Grain are now made on a basis of 60 [illegible]]

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

FREIGHTS—[illegible]

FLOUR—[illegible]

WHEAT—[illegible]

CORN—[illegible]

OATS—[illegible]

RYE—[illegible]

BARLEY—[illegible]

ALCOHOL—[illegible]

BROOM CORN—[illegible]

BRAN, &c.—[illegible]

BEANS—[illegible]

BEESWAX—[illegible]

BUTTER—[illegible]

BAGGING—The market continues active and [illegible]

CHEESE—The demand continues active and [illegible]

COAL—The market continues active, and prices [illegible]

COFFEE—Is in active demand and firm at the [illegible]

CANDLES—Are firm and fairly active. [illegible]

EGGS—[illegible]

FRUITS—[illegible]

FISH—[illegible]

GREASE—[illegible]

HIGHWINES—[illegible]

HAY—[illegible]

HIDES—[illegible]

LEATHER—[illegible]

OILS—[illegible]

CARBON OIL—[illegible]

PROVISIONS—[illegible]

POULTRY AND GAME—[illegible]

SUGARS—Are firm and active at [illegible]

SYRUPS—Are firm and in good [illegible]

SALERATUS—[illegible]

SEEDS—[illegible]

SALT—[illegible]

TEAS—[illegible]

TALLOW—[illegible]

TOBACCO—[illegible]

WOOD—The market continues [illegible]

WOOL—[illegible]

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.

[illegible]

CLEARED.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

BILIOUS AFFECTI[illegible]

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

SICK HEADACHE, DYSPE[illegible]

JAYNE'S SANATIVE PI[illegible]

A MILD, PROMPT AND EFFECTI[illegible]

[illegible]

Dysentery, Diarrh[illegible]

Cholera, Summer Compl[illegible]

Affections, &c.

ARE PROMPTLY CURED BY

JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE [illegible]

[illegible]

Diarrhea and Dys[illegible]

[illegible]

Asiatic Chole[illegible]

[illegible]

Cholera Infantum [illegible]

Complaints.

[illegible]

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1865.

LIST OF LETTERS

[illegible]

LADIES' LIST.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Portage Lake Mines.

[illegible]

Marine Items.

[illegible]

CHICAGO DRY GOODS MARKET.

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

CHICAGO DAILY MARKET.

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

FREIGHTS—[illegible]

FLOUR—[illegible]

WHEAT—[illegible]

CORN—[illegible]

OATS—[illegible]

RYE—[illegible]

BARLEY—[illegible]

ALCOHOL—[illegible]

BROOM CORN—[illegible]

BEANS—[illegible]

BUTTER—[illegible]

BAGGING—The market continues active and firm. [illegible]

CHEESE—The demand continues active and prices firm. [illegible]

COAL—[illegible]

COOPERAGE—[illegible]

CANDLES—[illegible]

EGGS—[illegible]

FISH—[illegible]

FRUITS—[illegible]

HAY—[illegible]

HIDES—[illegible]

LEATHER—[illegible]

OILS—[illegible]

CARBON OIL—[illegible]

PROVISIONS—[illegible]

POULTRY AND GAME—[illegible]

SUGARS—Are firm and active at the following [illegible]

SYRUPS—Are firm and in good request. [illegible]

SALERATUS—The market is firm at [illegible]

SEEDS—[illegible]

SALT—[illegible]

TEAS—[illegible]

TALLOW—[illegible]

TOBACCO—The market continues active [illegible]

WOOD—The market continues active [illegible]

WOOL—[illegible]

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.

[illegible]

CLEARED.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous.

BILIOUS AFFECTIONS,
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
SICK HEADACHE, DYSPEPSIA,
JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS.
A MILD, PROMPT AND EFFECTIVE REMEDY.
[illegible]
JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS.
[illegible]

Dysentery, Diarrhea, Cholera, Summer Complaint, and Bowel Affections, &c.,
ARE PROMPTLY CURED BY
JAYNE'S CARMINATIVE BALSAM.
[illegible]

Diarrhea and Dysentery.
[illegible]

Asiatic Cholera.
[illegible]

Cholera Infantum or Summer Complaint.
[illegible]

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1865.

LIST OF LETTERS

[illegible]

LADIES' LIST.

[illegible]

Initials.

[illegible]

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

[illegible]

Miscellaneous Letters.

[illegible]

SCANDINAVISKA LIST.

From the 3rd of September to the 16th of September, 1865.

[illegible]

—Office open from the 1st of April to the first of November, from 7 a. m. till 8 p. m.; from November 1st to April 1st, from 7 a. m. till 7 p. m.; and on Sundays from 8 a. m. till 10 a. m.

SAMUEL HOARD, P. M.

CHICAGO CATTLE MARKET.

For the Week Ending Sept. 16, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY TRIBUNE, Saturday Evening, Sept. 16.

The following table shows the daily receipts and shipments of Beef Cattle during the week ending to-day, compared with the receipts and shipments of the corresponding week of last year:

BEEF CATTLE.

[illegible]

The rates of freight on live stock East were fixed on the 8th day of April, as follows:

RATES OF FREIGHT ON LIVE STOCK EAST.

[illegible]

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

The receipts and shipments this week, as compared with the preceding week, were as follows:

[illegible]

As compared with the corresponding week of last year, we find as follows:

[illegible]

The above table does not include those cattle which were driven in from the country and which number [illegible]

[illegible]

CATTLE SALES TO-DAY.

[illegible]

HOGS.

From the reports made of Chicago, we learn that the receipts and shipments during the past week have compared with the preceding week [illegible]

[illegible]

The above table is liable to the same criticisms as our previous ones. But we have only to say to those who attack its correctness, that they are the figures of the Chicago Board of Trade, faithfully compiled, and further than this, we accept no responsibility for them.

The week opened rather brisk with a light supply and prices firm. [illegible]

The most notable sale during the week was made on Friday last at the Sherman Yards: John Adams sold a lot, averaging 345 lbs, at $12.12½. This is the highest sale recorded for many months.

The chief operators have been Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and Cincinnati men, who have taken only good Hogs, of 200 and 250 lbs weight.

[illegible]

New-Yorkers have done little during the week, prices having soared quite beyond their reach.

The market closes, this week, with about 600 head left unsold in the various yards.

The closing prices this week, as compared with those of last week, are as follows:

[illegible]

HOG SALES TO-DAY.

[illegible]

SHEEP—The supply during the week has been quite small, and the demand equally so. [illegible]

CHICAGO LUMBER MARKET.

SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.

LUMBER—[illegible]

SHINGLES—[illegible]

[illegible]

FROM THE OIL REGIONS.

Notes of a Recent Survey.

The Great Illegitimate—The Greater Unworked—Pit Hole and Cherry Run—Difficulties and Cost of Transportation—A Twenty Barrel Well Worth Nothing—Oleaginous Rainbows in the River—What the Future of the Land Comes to.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

OIL CITY, Sept. 12, 1865.

On leaving Pit Hole City one experiences a peculiar sensation of relief. It is the territory of the great Illegitimate. There all common rules of legitimate business are violated. Fee simple is a term almost obsolete. Men build a city on lots leased for a period of three years, and agree to remove it at the end of that time at their own expense. A malignant torch will no doubt save many the trouble of complying with the last obligation. The leases above mentioned are also subject to the claims of the United States Company, who at their pleasure can erect their derricks and commence boring in the very streets of Pit Hole City, with no one competent to hinder—aye, they can order the buildings removed, and enforce such order, unless the question of vested rights should be potent for the salvation of the lot-leaser; how that is I am not lawyer enough to say. But what of all this? Everybody expects to make a fortune before the end of three years. It is safe to say that some will not realise their rose-colored anticipations, while some, no doubt, will. No sanitary measures find favor in Pit Hole City, and the filth and offal of the place are cast into the narrow lanes, called streets. Those who complain of the stinks and muddy streets of Chicago should smell and see Pit Hole City and be wiser and more resigned. There may be poetry in the place—no doubt there is—but I venture the assertion that but one man lives who could work himself into a proper frame of mind to immortalize it in verse, and even he would no doubt find prose enough for him.

The present price of oil at Pit Hole is, say, $3,00 per barrel. It is worth in New York, say, $15.00. Transportation makes almost the entire difference. A well that yields less than about 20 barrels daily scarcely pays working expenses. The railroad from Oleopolis, on the Allegheny river, to Pit Hole will remedy this to some extent, but waiting its completion let us ardently hope that but few more big wells will be struck; for in such an event sufficient transportation would be found impossible, and the oil of necessity run to waste. But one well—the United States—has sufficient tankage for such an emergency, and that even would be likely to run short. Their tankage costs $1,000 for each 1,200 barrels of capacity, a frightful item which sufficient transportation facilities would avoid. Great things are hoped for the six inch iron pipe that is being laid from the river to Pit Hole. I see no reason why it may not prove a success if laid on a regular grade, but if they attempt to make it work as a syphon it will be a failure. A two-inch pipe is also being laid over to Shaffer on the Oil Creek Railroad for the purpose of forcing oil over the hills and through the valleys to that place. It will not amount to much.

In Pit Hole and vicinity, within a circle of about five miles no less than twelve hundred wells are being bored. No matter which way you turn a forest of derricks are gathered into the valleys and ravines, straying occasionally up on to the highlands. In the circle above mentioned all is bustle, life and [illegible] ing outside towards Cherry Run remarkably [illegible] and the [illegible] route in coming to this place, [illegible] and it was like passing from life down into the valley of death. As you near Plumer you [illegible] the valley of Cherry Run, which seems like Pit Hole for its derricks, but all is quiet and desolation. Scarce a soul is to be seen amongst the ruins. No oil of consequence was found above the Smith farm, three miles from the mouth of Cherry Run. That explains the whole matter. I was told on passing through Plumer that a fifty-barrel well had, however, just been opened two or three miles farther up the run.

From the Smith farm to Rouseville at the junction of Oil Creek and Cherry Run numerous wells are in active operation, but all the old ones seem to be on a rapid decline. The Reed well has failed, so has the Coquette. The Mountain well still does very well, but is declining. I saw that many wells that had once paid to pump, are abandoned, and their tanks taken down and removed. The same is true of all the country down even to Franklin on the Allegheny. Still much oil is produced on Cherry Run, but the glory has departed.

They are spoiling and spoiling our best oil territory through greed. [illegible]

On Pit Hole, Oil Creek and the Allegheny, through boats down on the surface of these streams daily to make the undersigned comfortably well off for a month at least. It is a beautiful sight to look upon the face of those waters and see their rainbow colors as the ripples play in a half frozen of perspective to the sun, but sooner [illegible] working their way into our thoughts that so much of treasure should be wasted.

I am told that a new well has been struck [illegible]

The Iron City Salt Company are reported to have struck a fifty-barrel oil well near Pudd's Ferry, on the Allegheny River. It is worth twenty dollars a barrel.

On Thursday last a tank containing over fifty barrels of oil took fire on Watson's Flats, near Titusville, and was, of course, destroyed.

Oil discoveries on French Creek have reached up to Utica, and wells being bored as far north as Union are giving considerable promise.

The end of rich oil discoveries is not yet, but there should be some means devised to prevent the wholesale spoiling of territory as is now being done. Yours, Pro.

Educational

THE FALL TERM OF THE MISSES STEVENS' SCHOOL, At 62 Third Avenue, will commence on MONDAY, the 11th of September.

ILLINOIS INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND. The next term begins on the FIRST WEDNESDAY in October. Blind Children of Illinois, over ten years of age, admitted free. Apply to JOSHUA RHOADS, Supt., Jacksonville, Ill.

Business Cards

T. FAY, M. D., DENTIST, Has removed from Lake street, to 83 Washington street, [illegible]

HALLIDAY, LATIMER & CO., Transfer Agents Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Forwarding and Commission Merchants AND WHARF BOAT PROPRIETORS, COLUMBUS, KY. Will make liberal cash advances on consignments to our correspondents, and give prompt attention to orders consigned to our care for shipment. CHAS. LATIMER, Jackson, Tenn. HALLIDAY BROS., Cairo.

HEMAN D. WALBRIDGE & CO. COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 12 DELBRIDGE STREET, Corner Whitehall street, NEW YORK. H. D. WALBRIDGE, HIRAM WALBRIDGE. Consignments solicited and advances made by L. A. GOTRON, No. 2 Loomis Building, southwest corner Clark and South Water streets, CHICAGO.

R. N. LOUCKS & CO., Dealers in Leather, Hides, &c., OFFER TO THE TRADE One case Fine French Calf—three brands. One case Philadelphia Kips—Oak—extra. AT LOW PRICES. Call and examine them, at Room 2 Wheeler's Building, southeast corner of Clark and South Water sts.

NEW WHIP AND LASH FACTORY. I have helped whip the rebels, I now offer by wholesale and retail, a fine select assortment of Whips and Lashes. At low figures. Call at 167 Washington street, and WANTED—Several Boys and Girls to work in the factory, need fourteen or fifteen. CHAS. H. NOBLE. H. LEONARD, Agent.

School Books.

QUACKENBOSS' STANDARD SCHOOL BOOKS.

"The best in their Respective Departments."

First Book in English Grammar. 50 cents.
An English Grammar. 90 cents.
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Advanced Course of Composition and Rhetoric. $1.75.
Primary History of the United States. 75 cents.
Illustrated School History of the United States. $1.50.
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"The singular excellence of all Quackenboss' school-books is well known to the educational community. They are generally admitted to be the best manuals on the subjects of which they respectively treat."—J. W. BULKLEY, City Supt of Schools, Brooklyn.

Also published by the undersigned:
Youmans's New Chemistry. Entirely rewritten. $2.00.
Harkness's Latin Grammar. $1.50. Everywhere received with unqualified approval.
Harkness's Latin Reader. (Just published.) $1.50.

NOW READY.
A New Edition of QUINTILIAN. By Prof. HENRY S. FRIEZE, of the University of Michigan. [illegible]

D. APPLETON, & CO., Publishers, 443 & 445 Broadway, New York.

Thread.

J. & P. COATS' Best Six-Cord Cabled THREAD, ALWAYS FOR SALE BY JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS, Sole Agents in New York, No. 108 Duane St.

Roback's Bitters.

When Nature all her best Tonics combined, She produced ROBACK'S BITTERS for mankind.

Disease destroy life, and ROBACK'S BITTERS destroy disease!

The Stomach is the source of life, and ROBACK'S BITTERS renovate that source!

Health gives joy and pleasure, and ROBACK'S BITTERS give health!

Physical strength adds to mental vigor and general happiness. ROBACK'S BITTERS add to physical strength!

For these reasons there is such a demand for this medicinal beverage; and for these reasons no one should fail to test their virtues.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers everywhere—and manufactured by Dr. C. W. ROBACK, at Nos. 56, 58, 60 and 62 East Third street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Radway's Ready Relief.

R. Seven Great Blessings R. Secured to the Human Race by One Bottle of Radway's Ready Relief. The Plagues, Asiatic Cholera, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Yellow Fever, Fever and Ague, cured and prevented by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Influenza, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, relieved in a few minutes by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. [illegible]

White Pine Compound.

THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY. DR. J. W. POLAND'S White Pine Compound [illegible] THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND [illegible]

Scales.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES, OF ALL KINDS. [illegible]

Special Notices.

Dr. Webster. 184 South Clark street, [illegible]

Just Issued. A useful book to every one, male or female, single or married, [illegible] DR. JAMES, P. O. Box 2196, Chicago, Ill. [illegible]

Dr. Bigelow. Is the only Physician or Specialist now in the city that can be entirely relied upon. [illegible] Office No. 179 South Clark street, corner of Monroe, half a block from the Post Office. Post Office Box 134 Chicago, Ill. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Send for his "Guide to Health," published monthly, free of charge. [illegible] Office, 179 South Clark st., corner of Monroe.

J. Milton Hiatt, A. M. M. D., Physician and Surgeon, 123 Dearborn street, Room No. 4, upstairs. P. O. Box 2918, Chicago. [illegible] Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Fees for treatment VERY LOW.

Dr. C. L. Spencer's. Fragrant Odontalgia for the teeth. [illegible] C. L. SPENCER & CO., Proprietors, Providence, R. I. DEMAS, BARNES & CO., New York, Sole Agents [illegible]

Chevalier's Life for the Hair. Will restore Gray Hair to its ORIGINAL COLOR, [illegible] THE BEST HAIR DRESSING EVER OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC; it is recommended and used by the first medical authority. Sold at the Drug Stores, and at my office, No. 1123 Broadway, New York. I caution all persons the above preparation will do all that is claimed for it. SARAH A. CHEVALIER.

Heat and Exhaustion. [illegible]

Symptoms of Diseased Liver. [illegible] For sale by BURNHAMS & VAN SCHAACK, Wholesale Druggists, 16 Lake street, Chicago, and Druggists generally.

Hair Dye! Hair Dye!! BATCHELOR'S celebrated HAIR DYE is the best IN THE WORLD. [illegible]

Dr. E. G. Webster's MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 197 South Clark street, Chicago. [illegible]

Spermatorrhea. [illegible]

Won't Use any Other. [illegible]

Marriage and Celibacy. [illegible]

Government Sales.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES. UPWARDS OF 2000 ANIMALS TO BE SOLD IN THE STATE OF KENTUCKY. [illegible] At BOWLING GREEN, Ky., commencing on WEDNESDAY, [illegible] At PADUCAH, Ky., commencing on FRIDAY, September [illegible] At LEBANON, Ky., commencing on WEDNESDAY, [illegible] At LEXINGTON, Ky., commencing on FRIDAY, October [illegible] At COVINGTON, Ky., commencing on MONDAY, October [illegible] At CAMP NELSON, Ky., commencing on THURSDAY, [illegible]

SALE OF MERCER COUNTY BONDS.—[illegible]

City Notices.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, STATE OF ILLINOIS, COUNTY OF COOK—ss. [illegible] A. H. HEALD, City Collector.

PROPOSALS FOR PLANKING COURT PLACE BETWEEN STATE AND DEARBORN STREETS. OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS. [illegible] J. G. GINDELE, FRED. LETZ, O. J. ROSE, Board of Public Works.

PROPOSALS FOR PLANKING ALLEY IN BLOCK 21, SCHOOL SECTION ADDITION. OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, Chicago, Sept. 15th, 1865. [illegible] J. G. GINDELE, FRED. LETZ, O. J. ROSE, Board of Public Works.

CORPORATION NOTICE. OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CHICAGO, Sept. 15, 1865. [illegible] J. G. GINDELE, FRED. LETZ, O. J. ROSE, Commissioners of the Board of Public Works.

CORPORATION NOTICE. OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS, CHICAGO, Sept. 15, 1865. [illegible] J. G. GINDELE, FRED. LETZ, O. J. ROSE, Commissioners of the Board of Public Works.

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CORPORATION NOTICE. OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS. [illegible] J. G. GINDELE, FRED. LETZ, O. J. ROSE, Commissioners of the Board of Public Works.

Itch.

CUTANARIA.
ITCH!
ITCH!
ITCH!
CUTANARIA,
WARRANTED TO CURE
THE ITCH!
It is a Liquid Preparation.
REQUIRES BUT A SINGLE EXTERNAL APPLICATION.
IS ENTIRELY HARMLESS.
Contains No Mercury!!
Warranted to Cure all forms of Itch by a single application, where the directions are followed.
PREPARED ONLY BY
A. Palmer & Son.
None Genuine without Our Signature.
PRICE 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE. SOLD EVERYWHERE.
SMITH & DWYER, General Agents, 92 & 94 Lake street.
SOLD BY ALL THE WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS IN CHICAGO.

Partnership.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—[illegible] W. H. TURNER, C. C. OTTO. Chicago, Sept. 8th, 1865.

DISSOLUTION.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of MURPHY & CO. is dissolved, [illegible] FRANCIS E. MURPHY, ROBERT P. MURPHY. Chicago, Sept. 15, 1865.

Wool.

HOLLOWELL & COBURN, WOOL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 66 Federal Street Boston. [illegible]

Stomach Bitters.

A LECTURE ON THE MOST IMPORTANT Of All Subjects.

Is there any Earthly Blessing of as much importance to us as HEALTH? NOT ONE, IS THE RESPONSE OF Every Thinking Man and Woman.

The rich would be willing to exchange his dollars without stint upon the physician who can restore him to the precious boon. [illegible] Without health there can be no real enjoyment. At this very hour thousands are languishing on beds of sickness, or going through the ordinary routine of business in pain and misery, to whom life is utterly valueless.

Is there any happiness for the DYSPEPTIC, racked by mental and physical pangs which no tongue or pen can adequately describe, and which cannot even be comprehended by one who has never felt them? To say that INDIGESTION includes a partial derangement of every function of the system [illegible] To that sad crowd this lecture is in part addressed. Sufferers, are you weary of suffering? A remedy is proffered to you, SIMPLE, WHOLESOME, CERTAIN and UNFAILING. With the first dose of

HOSTETTER'S Stomach Bitters,

If you choose to make the experiment, your cure will commence. If you decline the trial, YOU ARE SICK BY YOUR OWN CHOICE.

You will say, perhaps, that the manufacturers and proprietors of the article have a pecuniary interest in rendering it popular. Granted. And the same thing may be said of the baker who makes good bread. But good bread is nevertheless a capital thing, and who ever advertises to the world where the very best bread may be procured, does the community a precious service. Now,

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

Are as far superior to every other Tonic and Alterative in the market, as the purest and most nutritious bread is to those counterfeits of the staff of life, composed of bad yeast and unsound flour. [illegible]

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

Produce exactly opposite effects to, because their pure spirituous basis is compounded with balsamic, curative and preservative elements, [illegible]

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

Under the same law of distribution, permeate the whole frame with the remedial and protective elements with which they are impregnated. [illegible]

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

As the best remedy for the exhaustion and other ailments consequent upon their almost superhuman exertions. The emaciated prisoners recently released from the Rebel bastiles, are deriving immense benefit from its use; and the Army Surgeons unhesitatingly say that it is the only tonic fit to be administered in military hospitals.

The Government Countersign.

The Counterfeiting of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS [illegible]

OFFICIAL ENDORSEMENT OF THE U. S. REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

[illegible]

IMPORTANT CAUTION.

The public are requested to bear in mind that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters Are for sale in BOTTLES ONLY.

[illegible]

HOSTETTER & SMITH, SOLE PROPRIETORS, PITTSBURGH, PENN.

Sold by Druggists in all the cities and towns of North and South America and the West Indies.

Government Sales.

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF Steamboats, Wharf-Boats, Barges and other Property. QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, [illegible] AT NATCHEZ, MISSISSIPPI, UNTIL MONDAY [illegible] AT NEW ORLEANS, LA., UNTIL WEDNESDAY [illegible] MOBILE, ALA., UNTIL THURSDAY, OCTOBER [illegible] By order of the Quartermaster General. LEWIS B. PARSONS, Brigadier General and Chief of Rail and River Transportation.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT CARS, ENGINES, AND R. R. IRON. UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS, OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, [illegible] At CITY POINT, VA., on WEDNESDAY, October 11, [illegible] At PORTSMOUTH, VA., on FRIDAY, October 13, [illegible] At NORFOLK, VA., October 13, [illegible] At ALEXANDRIA, VA., on TUESDAY, October 17, [illegible] H. L. ROBINSON, Brevet Colonel and A. Q. M.

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT MULES.—1,400 Mules will be sold during the month of September. [illegible]

GREAT SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES AND MULES. [illegible] AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. [illegible] AT INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA. [illegible] JAMES A. EKIN, Brevet Brigadier General and Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau.

UNITED STATES MILITARY RAILROADS. OFFICE OF ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER, [illegible] AUCTION SALE OF ROLLING STOCK. [illegible] H. L. ROBINSON, Brevet Colonel and A. Q. M.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, [illegible] E. B. FURMAN, Capt. and Depot Quartermaster U. S. Army.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. [illegible]

LARGE SALE OF GOVERNMENT RAILROAD ENGINES AND CARS. [illegible]

Steamships.

HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ. [illegible] 394 BROADWAY.

Chicago Tribune.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1865.

THE CITY.

TO CAPITALISTS AND BUSINESS MEN.—The attention of all such is directed to an advertisement headed "Wanted—A Partner," appearing in its appropriate column to-day.

ARRESTED.—Matthias Goldschmidt, Nicholas Sieve and Nicholas Lux, charged with an assault with intent to commit bodily injury, were held over at the Police Court in $1,000 bail to appear Thursday morning, the 21st inst.

PREMIUM PENMANSHIP.—Penmanship is an art as much as painting, and requires of the person desiring to acquire it a considerable amount of study and practice. The committee on penmanship at the Illinois State Fair last week awarded to Bryant & Stratton the first premium for both plain and ornamental penmanship. Persons desiring to acquire the art will bear the fact in remembrance.

[illegible]

SALE OF GOVERNMENT HORSES.—We call the attention of our readers to the sale of Government horses and mules at the corral on State street, immediately south of Uhlich's Hotel, commencing this (Monday) morning. Many of the animals are very valuable, and the sale offers a good opportunity to parties wanting horses or mules, to purchase at reasonable prices.

CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND R. R.—The following are the times of departure of trains on the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad, as per time-schedule advertised for the fall season: Day Express and Mail, 9 a. m.; night Express, 9 p. m.; Joliet Accommodation, 4:45 p. m.

Through trains arrive at 5 a. m. and 4:30 p. m., and the Joliet Accommodation at 9:50 a. m.

BURGLARY.—Sometime on Friday night, Stein's Gift Book Store on Clark street, near Randolph, was robbed of about $300 worth of jewelry. The transaction was reported to Capt. Nelson in the morning and on Saturday afternoon that officer arrested a negro named Charles Wilson, upon whom he found all the missing property. The fellow will be examined in the Police Court on Monday morning.

VAGRANTS.—Two semi-graded specimens of humanity, unkempt, but extravagantly ebullient in manners, were fined $10 and costs each, in the Police Court on Saturday, for vagrancy. They gave their names as James McArthur and John Grace. As they could give no account of themselves, and manifested no disposition to pay the fine, the Judge ordered apartments for them in the Bridewell 100 days.

THEFT.—Jacob Grabenstein complained in the Police Court on Saturday [illegible] street, kept by J. [illegible] came to this city from the [illegible] containing the [illegible] He hired a bed at the saloon, and in the morning he discovered the money had been abstracted from his pocket-book. He suspected August Spaent, occupying the next room. The case was left over until Monday for evidence.

CHICAGO TO LEAD IN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.—One of the largest and finest schools or college rooms in America is Eastman National Business College, corner of LaSalle and Randolph streets, Chicago. The spacious Metropolitan Hall has been leased and fitted up with offices and banks by Prof. Eastman, at an expense of over ten thousand dollars, and is to be the actual Business Department. Two other large halls are being fitted up, making the capacity of the Chicago College about fifteen hundred. The College will be opened for the reception of students and visitors on Wednesday, the 20th inst. Day sessions from 9 to 12, and 2 to 4. Evening sessions from 7 to 9.

Northwestern Convention of Universalists.

A Convention of the Universalists of the Northwest will be held in this city on Wednesday, the 4th of October next, in sequence to the action of a meeting of universalists and laymen held recently in the Second Universalist Church. The following is the substance of that action:

The following was offered by Rev. J. H. Tuttle, pastor of the Church, and adopted:

Resolved, That in the judgment of this meeting, it is desirable to call a general meeting of the Universalists of the Northwest [illegible] for the purpose of considering our denominational needs.

The following, offered by Rev. A. W. Bruce, was also adopted:

Resolved, That a Central Committee of five be appointed to [illegible] the contemplated meeting, and make such arrangements as may be necessary to the accomplishment of the objects in view.

Revs. W. H. Ryder, D. D., J. S. Cantwell, J. H. Tuttle, D. P. Livermore, and H. F. Miller were appointed as such committee.

The following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the following persons be appointed a Committee of Correspondence, whose duties shall be to aid the Central Committee in perfecting the arrangements of the contemplated meeting.

[illegible]

The following resolution offered by Rev. W. E. Manley, was adopted:

Resolved, That the contemplated meeting is solely designed to advance the interests of our cause [illegible]

The meeting then adjourned.

FIRES.

About half past two o'clock on Sunday morning the tenders at the Lake street bridge discovered large volumes of smoke ascending from the ruins of the old elevator on Market street which was almost destroyed by fire three weeks ago yesterday. The signal was given, and the fire department was soon on the ground, busily engaged in the laudable endeavor to quench the flames, which by this time were sweeping high up into the atmosphere. [illegible]

[illegible]

The losses are estimated as follows: Erickson & Kirkeby, shoe store, loss on stock and furniture about $800; on building about $300. Ferrill & Tower, photographers, loss on stock and furniture about $250. Alexander Reynolds, "Falstaff" saloon, damaged by water to the amount of about $300. All the parties are fully insured. Had it not been that all the buildings in the vicinity were thoroughly soaked by the rain during the day, it is doubtful if the whole block would not have been consumed.

Another alarm of fire was given about 8 o'clock in the evening for the seventh district, which was occasioned by the burning of a portion of the dock in the rear of the old elevator near the Lake street bridge [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

THE WEEK just passed has been almost as successful for amusements as that which preceded it, even though the unusual patronage of Fair Week was cut off. [illegible]

[illegible]

AMERICAN UNION COMMISSION.

Meeting in Bryan Hall Last Evening—Objects of the Commission—Addresses of Rev. L. Abbott and Rev. Mr. Mingins—The Condition of the People in the South.

THE WORK OF THE NATION.

A meeting in behalf of the American Union Commission was held last evening, in Bryan Hall, to hear addresses from Rev. Mr. Abbott and Rev. Mr. Mingins, both gentlemen well known for the great zeal they have displayed in the cause of the oppressed and needy. The Commission was inaugurated in this city about a year ago, to act as auxiliary to the larger one, instituted in New York, for the purpose of meeting the requirement of refugees of every race and color, from the scenes of bloodshed and strife in the South. It has been very successful, and, being under the management of true and zealous men, effected much good.

The meeting last night was not a large one, a full attendance being probably prevented by the inclement condition of the weather, still, though not many in numbers, much interest was evinced by those present and the occasion was to all intents a pleasant and profitable one.

The chair was occupied by Judge Goodrich.

The chairman said that the recent war has resulted in the crushing out of the rebellion, and the establishing of the government of the United States, but with the conclusion of war a more difficult task was opened up to the American people; their late struggle was an exhibition of physical force. The one before them called into play the functions of the statesmen and philanthropist to reorganize the shattered condition of Southern society. To do this in some measure a commission termed the Union Commission had been organized, and the agents, or some of the agents, were present to speak to the people. The subject was an important one, important in its objects, and important as tending to form a social public opinion, which at present was in a very undefined and crude condition in relation to the object in view, and the means to be adopted to bring about such results.

After an impressive and eloquent petition for guidance and support to the Throne of Grace by Rev. W. W. Patton, D. D., the audience joined in singing an appropriate hymn.

The Chairman then introduced

REV. L. ABBOTT,

Secretary of the Union Commission, who said that a little over a year and a half ago Drs. Thompson and Buddington, of New York, went as delegates of the Christian Commission through Tennessee to visit and see Gen. Sherman's army. They saw the ravages of war and witnessed its sad results, and in seeing came to the conclusion that it would be necessary on the conclusion of peace to follow the tracks of these victorious armies and sow the seeds of peace where so lately slavery had been uprooted. [illegible]

[illegible]

That day has now passed, and with the coming day comes that grand work of the Association. It was not formed to simply help the poor and needy of the South, but to carry industry and energy into the devastated country and reorganize the shattered society. [illegible]

[illegible]

Then there were the blacks—those men, women and children who had so long been kept bound in the shackles of slavery. They deserve to be helped much, for they have suffered much. They are willing to work and advance in the path of civilization, and ever show much energy to improve themselves and make good citizens.

Lastly, there was a third class, and that was the poor whites, or, as they are termed by their social superiors, in the Southern social circle, the white trash. They were ever looked down upon by the aristocracy, and remain to-day poor, destitute and ignorant. Indeed, in many cases, so low is their condition, that the very freedmen think themselves their superiors. Such were now suffering and in the greatest destitution, without food and lacking clothing. Unless helped they would die by hundreds during the inclemency of the coming winter.

It may be said that to help these people was to help traitors and assist men who had been traitors. Such an impression is decidedly erroneous, for there are thousands of the whites of the South who had ever been and are now true to the Union. [illegible]

[illegible]

THIS EVENING.

A meeting of those interested in the American Union Commission will be held at half-past seven o'clock, in room No. 15 Young Men's Christian Association, for consultation and discussion. Dr. Mingins will be present.

THE "EIGHT HOUR" SYSTEM.

The Plea for Reduction of Labor—The Different Ways of Getting Money.

A meeting of the workingmen was held on Thursday evening, in Witkowsky Hall, for the purpose of urging the "Trade Unions" to a more vigorous action in behalf of the eight hour system of labor. [illegible]

[illegible]

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL WORK.

Meeting of the Sunday School Union—Address by Handel Cossham, Esq.—The Teacher and His Duties.

A special meeting of the Chicago Sabbath School Union was held last evening, in the Clark Street Methodist Episcopal Church, for the purpose of listening to remarks from three of our distinguished English guests, gentlemen who are prominently connected with the Sabbath School movement in Great Britain. As might have been expected, the audience room was filled almost to suffocation, and a large number were unable to obtain admission.

It was a new phase of character presented by our distinguished visitors, one peculiarly grateful to the feelings of our thousands of Christian men and women. [illegible]

The exercises of the evening were presided over by E. C. Skinner, Esq., President of the Chicago Sunday School Union. The services were opened by singing,

"We are coming Blessed Savior,"

after which a selection of scripture was read, and a very appropriate and impressive prayer offered by Rev. J. H. Vincent.

The hymn was then sung, beginning

"I am trying to climb up Zion's hill."

The President then introduced Mr. Cossham, of Bristol, England, the proprietor of a large coal mine and employer of five thousand hands, as follows:

It is with pleasure that we greet our Sunday School friends from abroad, and we are happy that this delegation that comes to our city on other business are willing to meet with us [illegible] It is with pleasure that I introduce to you at the present time Mr. Cossham of Bristol, England, who will now address us.

MR. COSSHAM.

Handel Cossham, Esq., then addressed the meeting. [illegible]

[illegible]

"What if the little rain should say,
'So small a drop as I
Can ne'er refresh the thirsty earth,
I'll tarry in the sky.'" &c.

[illegible]

The President announced that the meeting would be addressed by Mr. Perkins on the work of Sabbath School instruction in Chicago.

MR. PERKINS.

W. Perkins, Esq., of the Reform School, made a statement of the present condition of the Sabbath School work in Chicago, and the work which needed to be done. [illegible]

The meeting adjourned.

Public Buildings in Chicago—Bad Foundations.

EDITORS TRIBUNE:

I desire to say a few words relative to the subject of foundations for buildings in Chicago, which was the subject of a short editorial in your paper of yesterday, wherein you state that the ground that good foundations cannot be made in the South Division [illegible]

[illegible]

I therefore enter my protest against the opinion so often repeated by press and people, that good, substantial, yes, perfect foundations, comparatively speaking, cannot be constructed in this city. [illegible]

Hoping that this communication may, in some measure, dispel that feeling of insecurity which our citizens now seem to have in reference to the construction of public and other buildings, and may serve them in the necessity of greater circumspection hereafter, I subscribe myself,

HIRAM ADDY.

IMPORTANT CAPTURE.

Arrest of a Hotel Safe Robber—Recovery of $32,000 Stolen Money.

For some days past Captain John Nelson of our city police force, Captain R. C. Yates of the Kane county police, Deputy United States Marshal P. Munson and Captain T. McInerny, chief of the Cleveland detective police, have been working in this city in search of a man whose description alone they possessed but was known among thieves as a professional of the first water. [illegible]

[illegible]

In the afternoon the prisoner was taken before Justice T. B. Brown, who remanded him to jail to await further examination next Wednesday afternoon, in default of $30,000 bail.

The Tobacco Seizure.

We willingly publish the following letter in reference to the seizure of tobacco reported in our columns of Saturday. It is due to Messrs. Rothschild & Adler that they be set right in the matter:

CHICAGO, Sept. 16, 1865.

Messrs. Rothschild & Adler:

GENTLEMEN—Yours of this date is just to hand and contents noticed. In justice to yourselves, I beg to submit the following statement: Your Mr. Rothschild, when in Baltimore, a few weeks ago, having purchased a quantity of plug tobacco, ordered it shipped to this city. Upon its arrival here, you positively refused to receive the same, as it did not bear the necessary inspection brands as required by law, notwithstanding you had already accepted and paid a draft for the amount of the invoice of the same, which you exhibited to me. Upon your information to me of the shipment of said tobacco in violation of law, it was accordingly seized and stored with you on Government account.

Very respectfully, yours,

SIMON QUINLIN,
U. S. Tobacco Inspector, 1st District, Illinois.

LOCAL MATTERS.

A Card to the Public—Notice to Young

and middle aged men. Important to parents who have sons to educate. Having built up in Poughkeepsie, N. Y., the largest and most popular institution of learning on the American continent, and having suggested the best course of study for practical, useful education, and the best mode of Commercial College instruction [illegible]

[illegible] Full information of the institution may be had of the Secretary, at the College Office, in Metropolitan Hall, or by addressing the Principal, Prof. E. P. [illegible]

HARVEY G. EASTMAN, President.

Thirty Dollars Reward if the Indian

herb doctor fails to [illegible]

OUR MOTTO.

[illegible]

Connubial Felicity and Bliss—How

[illegible]

[illegible]

Hudnut's Universal Tooth Paste imparts to the teeth a clear, pearly whiteness.

The largest stock of Kerosene Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers, Coal Oil Goods and Hotel and Table Glassware, can be found at N. F. Merrill's Chimney Warehouse, 73 and 75 Randolph street, Chicago, Ill.

Gas Fixtures.—Our stock is now on, and embraces the latest and richest patterns in the market. Persons desirous of purchasing will consult their own interests in examining our goods before purchasing elsewhere. E. Winchell, Jr., & Co., No. 84 Randolph street.

Go to the Best—Go to Bryant & Stratton Chicago Commercial College to get a thorough, practical business education, or to become a good Telegraph Operator. Address (enclose stamp) for circulars, Bryant & Stratton, Chicago, Ill.

Leavenworth to Chicago.

[From the Leavenworth Conservative, 16th.]

The *Bulletin* contained a very sensible article some days since, showing that the business relations of Leavenworth naturally were with Chicago. While we are not prepared to go the full length of the writer of that article, we submit that the subject is one of the deepest interest to our city. We have long had our misgivings that St. Louis was not particularly interested in the prosperity of Leavenworth. All the trade she can divert from us she expects to get, and she will the most of it, as no sensible merchant, with the money in his pocket, would think of stopping at Kansas City.

The business already transacted between Leavenworth and Chicago is immense. The large freighting over the Hannibal and St. Joseph, and Atchison and Weston railroads, show that more than 57,000,000 lbs. of freight came over these roads last year, destined for our city, and during the current year the aggregate will be much larger. The travel east, also, more than three quarters of it goes in the same direction. Upon the completion of the Leavenworth branch of the U. P. R. W., both freighting and travel will be materially increased, if an expeditious, easy outlet is made. There is no direction from Leavenworth that needs direct speedy communication more than toward Chicago. This can be furnished speedily and comparatively cheap via the Parkville railroad to Cameron. The Directors of this company are desirous to complete the road, and ask—and very properly—aid from this county. She has already voted unanimously to loan $200,000 to complete the road, and while one reason existed then for the road, ten come up now. With the proposed subscription from Leavenworth the road can be completed almost as soon as the Missouri River and Lawrence roads, and thus railway communication to nearly every important point be opened early in the coming season.

Marriage in High Life—The Man who Owns Huddersfield.

The English papers state that Lady Gwendoline H. Maur, the young and lovely daughter of the Duke of Somerset, has just been married to Sir J. Ramsden, the young Yorkshire Baronet, who owns the land on which every house in Huddersfield is built, save one. Sir John has offered fabulous sums for the property, but in vain. The land belongs to an old Quaker, and on Sir John offering to purchase it from him he replied: "When strangers ask thee to whom the town of Huddersfield belongs, thou canst say it belongs to thee and me." The Baronet offered to give the owner as many sovereigns for the land as would cover the property when the Quaker inquired, "Wilt thou place them edgewise?" It is perhaps needless for us to state that the Baronet declined placing them edgewise, and the ownership of the town of Huddersfield is therefore still divided between Sir John Ramsden and the Quaker. We may state that Lady Gwendoline, Sir John's bride, is the daughter of the beautiful Duchess of Somerset, who, under another but not less attractive name, was queen of beauty at the Eglinton tournament. Prince Napoleon, who was then a harmless adventurer, greatly admired her appearance. Fortune since that time has dealt tenderly with both of them; but perhaps, on the whole, the Duchess is more to be envied than the Emperor.

PRISONER SHOT BY A SHERIFF.—The Watertown (Wis.) *Democrat* publishes an account of the shooting, on the 5th, of Frederick Wagner, who was charged with robbing J. P. McPherson, Commissary at Camp Randall, of some $800 in money and United States bonds, and about $1,400 in notes, and who had been arrested by Sheriff McDougal, in New York, but escaped on the way. Sheriff McDougal has since taken extraordinary pains for his capture, and Under Sheriff Main, learning in his absence that Wagner had returned to his home, in Watertown, undertook to arrest him. He called to his aid Provost Marshal Nichols and a young man named Johnson, lately one of Col. Baker's detectives. On Sheriff Main's entering the house, and demanding Wagner's surrender, he attempted to escape, running toward the woods, when Johnson fired at him with a revolver, and Nichols with a shot gun. One or both shots took effect, and Wagner fell. On examination the arm was found to be broken, and so mangled that amputation was necessary. The whole responsibility is assumed by Sheriff Main, in a card which he publishes, and the shooting seems to have been necessary to prevent the escape of the prisoner. The affair created considerable excitement.

BRIGHAM YOUNG SNUBBED.—The redoubted Brigham Young has had the impudence to ask liberty of King Kamehameha of the Sandwich Islands to send Mormon Missionaries to his dominions to disseminate what Young calls "the true faith" there. To this request the Secretary of State replies that the Mormon tenets are subversive to good government and contrary to the laws of the Kingdom, and that efforts to establish a colony of the Saints there will not be tolerated. The letter concludes as follows:

As long as your friends limit themselves to carrying on their agricultural and mechanical operations they will be protected in their industry, but they will not be recognized in any way on a footing with Christian missionaries or teachers, as their doctrines are certainly understood.

A colony of Mormons had recently arrived at Honolulu, but their privileges will, of course, be limited as above expressed.

TARRED AND FEATHERED IN MARSHALL COUNTY.—We learn from the Winona *Independent* that on Saturday night last a man named John B. Stoner was tarred and feathered by the citizens of that place, and rode on a rail. It appears he had been leading a life of profligacy and libertinism. He is charged with writing an insulting note to a respectable lady in the town; also with an attempt to seduce and bring his own offspring to prostitution; and had repeatedly threatened his wife's life, and at one time drew a revolver and forced her to deliver over the deed of her own property into his possession. For these offences the outraged citizens of Winona seized the aforesaid individual, and after confessing to all the charges preferred against him, was publicly tarred and feathered, and treated to a moonlight ride to the outskirts of the town, where he was cautioned to "keep his distance."

RECOVERY OF THE STRONG BOX OF THE FRIGATE CUMBERLAND.—We learn that the strong box of the United States ship Cumberland, sunk by the ram Virginia (familiarly known as the Merrimac, in the great naval engagement in Hampton Roads,) was recovered by the submarine workmen employed in the work of raising the hull of the ship. The tugs employed in the aforesaid enterprise came up last night, whistling through their steam whistles jubilees of their success. The amounts reported as recovered are so varied, that we forbear giving any of them. That the sum recovered is very large there can be no doubt.—*Norfolk (Va.) Day Book, Sept. 6.*

Markets by Telegraph.

OUR MIDNIGHT MARKET REPORT.

[Special Despatch to the Western Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

The stock market made another large advance toward recovering the decline of the last two or three days. There was, however, little activity, and the rise was evidently the result of clique operations, to counteract the drooping tendency. The occasion was seized by the bear side for selling out a small line of sellers' options.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments strong and in good demand, especially those bearing interest in gold.

MISCELLANEOUS.

State stocks continue in demand, and there was further rise, especially in North Carolina and Missouri bonds. There was no activity in miscellaneous shares.

GOLD.

Gold quiet early in the day, but there was a firm feeling in the afternoon.

MONEY.

Money very easy, the demand being greater than the supply.

PETROLEUM.

Petroleum stocks steady, with sales at following rates: [illegible]

PETROLEUM FOR EXPORT.

[illegible]

The *Post* has the following weekly review of the wholesale market: The market has been quiet during the week, and prices for provisions slightly declined. Transactions have been moderate.

Cotton and whiskey have advanced. For cotton there has been an improved demand from exporters, spinners and speculators, and with more favorable advices from Europe, prices have advanced. [illegible]

[illegible]

St. Louis Market.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Milwaukee Market.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 16.

FLOUR—Nominal.

GRAIN—Wheat dull. Sales on 'Change 78,000 bu. at $1.40 and $1.41 cash and regular way. [illegible]

FREIGHTS—Nominal. Schooner Brand chartered at [illegible]

RECEIPTS—[illegible]

SHIPMENTS—[illegible]

Vessels Passed Detroit.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

DETROIT, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

LOCKPORT, Sept. 16, 1865.

[illegible]

Foreign Markets.

Per City of Boston.] LIVERPOOL, Sept. 4.

[illegible]

LATEST COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7.

[illegible]

LONDON, Sept. 7.

Consols for money [illegible]

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, Sept. 16.

[illegible]

Railroad Time Table.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN—DEPOT COR. WEST WATER AND KINZIE.

[illegible]

GALENA DIVISION.

[illegible]

MICHIGAN CENTRAL R. R.

Union Depot, foot of Lake Street.

[illegible]

CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE BRANCH.

[illegible]

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN—DEPOT CORNER VAN BUREN AND SHERMAN STREETS.

[illegible]

DETROIT TRAINS.

[illegible]

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO.

[illegible]

CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY.

(Late Cincinnati and Chicago Air Line Railway.)

[illegible]

ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

[illegible]

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY.

[illegible]

CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

[illegible]

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE RAILWAY.

[illegible]

MARRIED.

[illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,

By Inhaling Vitalized Air,

At 18 & 19 Lombard Block, just West of P. O., Chicago, Ill.

DRS. ROGERS & HALE

Have the Best Remedy

[illegible]

Amusements.

McVICKER'S THEATRE.

Madison street, between Dearborn and State.

[illegible]

Engagement of the popular young Tragedian,

MR. L. P. BARRETT.

[illegible]

MONDAY, Sept. 18th, Shakespeare's Tragedy of

HAMLET.

[illegible]

COL. WOOD'S MUSEUM.

[illegible]

SYBILLA; OR, STEP BY STEP.

[illegible]

Auction Sales.

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS,

Knit Goods, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.,

AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY MORNING, Sept. 19th, at 9 o'clock, at Stedman's Auction Rooms, 176 Lake street, [illegible]

W. S. STEDMAN & CO., Auctioneers, 176 Lake street.

GILBERT & SAMPSON,

Auctioneers, 44, 46 and 48 Dearborn street.

Elegant New and Second-hand

Furniture, Pier and Mantle Mirrors, Carpets, &c., &c.,

AT AUCTION.

On TUESDAY, Sept. 19th, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell, at our salesrooms, 44, 46 & 48 Dearborn street, [illegible]

GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct's.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS,

BEAVERS, CASSIMERES,

[illegible]

AT AUCTION.

On WEDNESDAY, September 20th, at Butters' Auction Rooms, Nos. 105 and 107 Dearborn street. [illegible]

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., Auct's.

Wanted—Male Help.

WANTED—A Good Office Boy at Baker's Engraving Rooms, northeast corner Clark and Randolph streets. References required.

WANTED—A German Apothecary and Druggist. M. A. [illegible], Peoria, Ill. [illegible]

WANTED—100 men to work in saw mills in Michigan. Good wages and steady employment. GIVENS & CO., 161 Washington st., Room 1, up stairs.

WANTED—4 good carpenters at 473 West Lake street, corner of Wood.

WANTED—100 men to work in a saw mill, 50 bridge builders, 10 teamsters, 100 laborers, 10 carpenters. Apply at 57 Washington st., Room 2, up stairs. Good wages paid. MILLER & SAMPSON.

WANTED—1 hardware clerk, 2 experienced salesmen, 1 book-keeper, [illegible]

WANTED—Book-keepers, Travelling agents, [illegible] GIVENS & CO., 161 Washington street, Room No. 1, up stairs.

WANTED—A first-class Clothing Salesman. [illegible]

WANTED—A smart, active boy, to learn the drug business. Apply at the cor. of [illegible]

WANTED—A German young man who thoroughly understands the [illegible]

WANTED—Twelve good operatives on Sewing Machines [illegible]

WANTED—Two men that understand the Lace [illegible] 172 [illegible]

WANTED—Two first-class Journeymen Jewelers. [illegible] A. H. MILLER, corner Randolph and Clark streets.

WANTED—Salesmen, book-keepers, clerks, travelling agents, porters, [illegible]

WANTED—1 book-keeper, 2 assistants, 1 clerk, 2 order clerks, [illegible]

WANTED—Upholsterers, to whom the highest wages will be paid. Apply to JOSLYN, CARTER & CO., No. 266 Lake street.

WANTED—Tinners. Two or three "tin-plate" workers [illegible] with A. G. GARFIELD.

WANTED—Journeyman Tinner—[illegible] SHOLES & SAVAGE, [illegible]

WANTED—Three good stick candy makers. [illegible]

WANTED—A competent man to [illegible] Apply to HALL & FROST, [illegible]

WANTED—A practical tinner [illegible] Apply to A. K. & G. B. MILLER, No. 34 State st.

Wanted—Female Help.

WANTED—Several girls for general housework, dining-room and chamber work in hotels and private families. [illegible] Apply at 118 Clark st., Room 21.

WANTED—An experienced German or Norwegian girl to do general housework in a private family. Apply to A. B. MILLER, 349 Park avenue, between Hoyne and Leavitt.

WANTED—A girl to do cooking and washing at 218 Fulton street, West Side.

WANTED—A good housekeeper. An American woman who is willing to do the work of a small family for good wages. Call on or address T. C. ESTEE, 133 Lake street.

WANTED—Both a first-class Milliner and Dress Maker. [illegible] L. P. COOK, [illegible]

Real Estate—Country.

FOR SALE Fine Mill Property within 25 miles of Chicago, [illegible] BAIRD & BRADLEY, corner of Lake and LaSalle sts.

FOR SALE—A splendid brick residence, with 20 rooms, located upon six lots [illegible] of Waukegan, [illegible] Price $6,000 [illegible]

FOR SALE—Farm, in Carroll Co., Illinois. [illegible] C. FRANKS, [illegible]

FOR SALE—80 acres fertile prairie land (unimproved) in Crawford County, Iowa, [illegible] Chicago, Ill.

General Notices.

DUNN'S

New Gift Sale Bazaar!

133 Dearborn Street,

CORNER OF MADISON.

Open from 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.

Don't Forget! Beware of Humbug Imitators!

THREE DEPARTMENTS.

RED, $1. WHITE, $2. BLUE, $5.

[illegible]

DUNN'S, 133 Dearborn St.

Western Land Agency.

[illegible]

Wanted—Agents.

WANTED—Agents—To sell by subscription only, GRANT AND SHERMAN, [illegible]

WANTED—Attention—The best chance ever offered, [illegible]

WANTED—Agents—Immediately, to sell "FOUR YEARS IN SECESSIA," [illegible]

WANTED—Agents—To engage in a pleasant, honorable and profitable business. [illegible] WM. D. KILBORN, P. O. Drawer [illegible] Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—Agents—$75.00 a month—Agents wanted to sell Sewing Machines. [illegible] Detroit, Mich.

WANTED—Agents—$10 per day. [illegible] H. WAYVELL, [illegible] Chicago.

WANTED—Agents—For the standard History of the War, [illegible] Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Agents—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, to sell the celebrated COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, [illegible] MATHEWS & KING, Chicago, Ill. P. O. Drawer 6224.

WANTED—Agents—(Farmers preferred) [illegible] We never charge for information.

WANTED—Agents—Male and Female, to sell a new article in great demand [illegible] J. A. SHELDON, Drawer 6333, Chicago.

WANTED—Agents—Everywhere, salaried or commissioned, to sell the Improved NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. [illegible] WM. H. FOST & CO., Chicago.

WANTED—Agents—$25 a day. Agents wanted to sell a new and wonderful Sewing Machine, the only cheap one licensed. Address SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

WANTED—Agents—$90 a month. Agents wanted for Six Entirely New Articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine.

WANTED—Agents—$150 per month, to sell the IMPROVED NEW ENGLAND FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. [illegible] Address DANE & CO., P. O. Box 53, Chicago, Ill., or call at Room No. 8, Post Office Block, corner of Monroe and Dearborn sts., Chicago.

WANTED—Agents—Everywhere, to sell our Great Unequalled Metropolitan Gift Sale Stationery Packages, [illegible] DUNN & CO., 133 Clark street.

WANTED—Agents—$150 per month. $150 in every County and State, to sell the Bartlett Sewing Machine, [illegible]

Wanted—To Rent.

WANTED—To Rent—A House containing 8 to 10 rooms, suitable for keeping boarders. South Side preferred. [illegible] Apply to or address 317 State street.

WANTED—To Rent—About the first of October, by a responsible party, a modern house, [illegible] Address P. O. Box 853.

WANTED—To Rent—Two gentlemen want to rent furnished or unfurnished rooms on North Side [illegible] Mr. JACKSON, P. O. Drawer 6009.

WANTED—To Rent—A small family from New York want to rent, wholly or partially furnished, [illegible]

WANTED—To Rent—A comfortable house, brick or frame, containing 10 or 12 rooms. [illegible]

WANTED—To Rent—By a small family, without children, [illegible] Address "J. K." Tribune office.

WANTED—To Rent—By a good tenant, a genteel dwelling house or cottage on the North Side, [illegible] Address "A. R." P. O. Box 1413.

Boarding.

BOARDING—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can have rooms and good board in a private family at 85 West Harrison street. [illegible]

BOARDING—A few day boarders can be accommodated at 278 Wabash ave.

BOARDING—A front suit of rooms, unfurnished, with board, suitable for a gentleman and wife, [illegible] P. O. Box 1379.

BOARDING—Wanted by a gentleman, wife and child, [illegible]

BOARDING—25 day boarders can be accommodated at Restaurant 17 Dearborn street. [illegible]

Real Estate—City.

FOR SALE—Bargains in the Real Estate Office of THOS. B. BRYAN & CO.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—House and Lot. House new, contains five rooms. Price $1,500. Inquire at 702 West Lake street.

FOR SALE—Two-story Frame House, 235 West Adams street, [illegible] YOUNG & SPRINGER, Real Estate Brokers, No. 3 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—New two-story frame house, 400 West Jackson street, [illegible] YOUNG & SPRINGER, Real Estate Brokers, No. 3 Metropolitan Block.

FOR SALE—Good Homes for sale cheap. [illegible] BAIRD & BRADLEY, corner Lake and LaSalle sts.

FOR SALE—Pleasant House, near Lincoln Park, North Side, [illegible] BAIRD & BRADLEY, corner Lake and LaSalle sts.

FOR SALE—Cheap—For a few days about ten acres [illegible] Apply at No. 12, [illegible]

FOR SALE—A small Cottage House, [illegible] Apply at 354 West Taylor street.

FOR SALE—A new Planing and Shingle Mill, [illegible] HALL & FROST, cor. Clark and [illegible]

FOR SALE—Choice building lots. [illegible]

To Rent.

TO RENT—And Furniture for sale—A House with eight rooms and basement, [illegible]

TO RENT—A House with five rooms and good yard accommodations. [illegible]

TO RENT—A fine Brick House containing twelve rooms, [illegible]

TO RENT—Two very fine suits of office rooms, [illegible]

TO RENT—For 30 years, 60 feet [illegible]

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Parties [illegible]

WANTED—All persons to purchase [illegible]

WANTED—Whiskey [illegible]

WANTED—To purchase [illegible]

WANTED—All those [illegible]

WANTED—By a Lady [illegible]

WANTED—Brass Founders [illegible]

WANTED—By a gentleman [illegible]

WANTED—Stable room [illegible]

WANTED—A good [illegible]

WANTED—By a [illegible]

WANTED—A good [illegible]

WANTED—A Piano or [illegible]

WANTED—Real Estate [illegible]

WANTED—Book Case [illegible]

WANTED—A rare [illegible]

WANTED—Attention [illegible]

Wanted—Situations.

WANTED—Situation [illegible]

WANTED—Situation [illegible]

WANTED—Situation [illegible]

WANTED—Situation [illegible]

Boarding—Wanted.

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

BOARDING—Wanted [illegible]

Wanted—Partners.

WANTED—A [illegible]

WANTED—Partner [illegible]

WANTED—Partner [illegible]

WANTED—Partner [illegible]

WANTED—Partner [illegible]

For Sale.

FOR SALE—The [illegible]

FOR SALE—Cheap [illegible]

FOR SALE—Saloon [illegible]

FOR SALE—A [illegible]

FOR SALE—One [illegible]

FOR SALE—The [illegible]

FOR SALE—Grocery [illegible]

FOR SALE—A [illegible]

FOR SALE—Cheap [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE—A [illegible]

FOR SALE—A [illegible]

FOR SALE—The [illegible]

FOR SALE—The [illegible]

FOR SALE—At [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE—A [illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

LOST—On [illegible]

STRAYED OR [illegible]